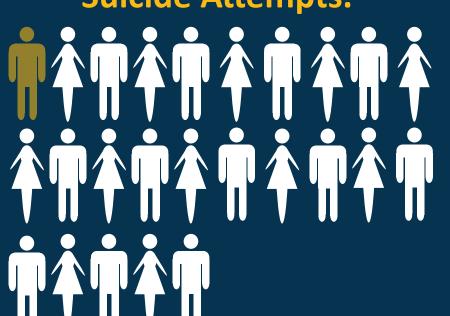
Suicide At A Glance

Death caused by self-directed injurious behavior with any intent to die as a Suicide (su·i·cide) result of the behavior.

For every 1 Suicide Death, there are at least 25 **Suicide Attempts.**



In 2013 in the U.S.

10th leading cause of death in all populations.

2nd leading cause of death for those aged 15-34.

4th leading cause of death for those aged 35-44.

FACT: Military suicides continue to occur—in both the Active Duty and Reserve Components.

DID YOU KNOW?

Firearms are the most commonly used method of suicide among males.

Suicide Related Behavior: Includes both suicidal ideation and suicide attempt.

Suicidal Ideation: Thinking about, considering, or planning for suicide.

Suicide Attempt: A non-fatal self-directed potentially injurious behavior with any intent to die as a result of the behavior. A suicide attempt may or may not result in injury.

Risk Factors: These factors have been found to be associated with suicide and increase the risk of suicidal behaviors. Risk factors DO NOT cause or predict suicide.

History of depression and other mood disorders

Past suicide attempts; Family history of suicide

Alcohol and other substance use disorders

Lack of social support and sense of isolation

Major physical illnesses

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Loss of relationship or significant personal loss



Severe, prolonged, or perceived unmanageable stress and/or anxiety

Feeling like a burden to others, helplessness

Easy access to lethal means



History of trauma or abuse

Impulsive and/or aggressive tendencies

Hopelessness

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Job, financial, school, or legal problems



Life transitions such as retirement, permanent change of station (PCS), or change in job or work duties

Take all talk about suicide seriously and know the warning signs.

ASK

- Ask if they are thinking of hurting themselves.
- Actively listen.
- Acknowledge their talk, behavior, and feelings.

- Listen and let the person know they are not alone.
- Let the individual know you care and understand.
- Discuss and care about what is troubling them.

- Get help as quickly as possible such as the duty officer, chaplain, friend, medical personnel, or others who can help.
- Do not leave the person alone.

If you or someone you know is in need of

- immediate assistance: 1. Call the Military Crisis Line at 1-800-273-8255 and press 1
- 2. Text the Military Crisis Line at 838255
- 3. Chat live online at http://www.militarycrisisline.net
- 4. Call the Marine Corps DSTRESS Line at 1-877-476-7734
- 5. Chat live online at http://www.dstressline.com

Additional Resources

- 1. Military OneSource provides a variety of non-medical counseling services and resources. Contact Military OneSource at 1-800-342-9647 or visit their website at www.militaryonesource.
- 2. Contact your local Navy Fleet and Family Support Center which can assist you during times of transition or stress.
- 3. Navy Suicide Prevention Program: http://www.npc.navy.mil/bupers-npc/support/21st Century Sailor/suicide prevention/Pages/default.aspx
- 4. Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center (NMCPHC) Health Promotion and Wellness (HPW) Psychological and Emotional Well-Being webpage at: http://www.med.navy.mil/sites/ nmcphc/health-promotion/psychological-emotional-wellbeing/Pages/psychological-emotionalwellbeing.aspx.

Reasons Sailors and Marines may not seek help:

Worried about job or career

Negative perceptions

Cannot see a way out or do not know where to turn



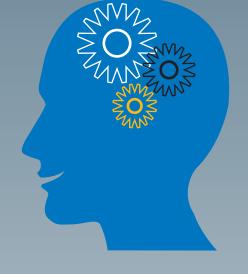
Feeling disconnected and isolated

Hopelessness

Protective Factors Against Suicide

Resources and aspects of our lives that promote healthy stress navigation and build resilience. During times of extreme stress or crises, protective factors can counterbalance risks for suicidal behavior.







Psychological

Social

Biological

Sources:

overview.pdf

Defense Suicide Prevention Office: http://www.dspo.mil/SuicideData/QuarterlyReports.aspx

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Violence Prevention: http://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/Suicide-DataSheet-a.pdf Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Injury Prevention and Control: http://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/pdf/leading_causes_of_death_by_age_group_2013-a.pdf

Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center: http://www.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/Documents/health-promotion-wellness/psychological-emotional-wellbeing/Suicide_Terminology_SP_Webpage.pdf Suicide Prevention Resource Center: http://www.sprc.org/basics/about-suicide

Suicide Prevention Resource Center Risk and Protective Factors for Suicide: http://www.sprc.org/sites/sprc.org/files/library/RiskProtectiveFactorsPrimer.pdf National Suicide Prevention Lifeline: http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/Learn/RiskFactors

U.S. Surgeon General National Strategy for Suicide Prevention: http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/national-strategy-suicide-prevention/

